



Department of Navy Jet Noise Reduction Project Overview

Partners in Environmental Technology Technical Symposium & Workshop

1 December 2010

Dr. Joseph Doychak Office of Naval Research (703) 696-7646 joseph.doychak@navy.mil

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.

1. REPORT DATE 01 DEC 2010	2. REPORT TYPE	3. DATES COVERED 00-00-2010 to 00-00-2010	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Department of Navy Jet Noise Reduction Project Overview		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
		5b. GRANT NUMBER	
	5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S)		5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
	5e. TASK NUMBER		
	5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND AL Office of Naval Research, Air Warfare North Randolph Street, Arlington, VA,	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
		11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	

12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Presented at the 15th Annual Partners in Environmental Technology Technical Symposium & Workshop, 30 Nov? 2 Dec 2010, Washington, DC. Sponsored by SERDP and ESTCP.

14. ABSTRACT

High performance military aircraft represent the single largest noise source for Sailors on board aircraft carriers resulting in health issues, compromised operations and costly litigation. Unfortunately, tactical aircraft have not been able to leverage much of the available significant noise reduction technologies from commercial aircraft due to their low bypass ratio jet engines and resulting high temperature, high velocity exhaust streams. Tactical aircraft noise remains a problem from both community noise and personnel exposure perspectives. In response to the problem and recent Senior Leadership direction, the Office of Naval Research initiated the Jet Noise Reduction (JNR) Project as part of the Noise-Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL) Program. The JNR Project?s over-arching objective is to realize and transition significant jet noise reduction technologies through coordinated S&T efforts. This objective will be accomplished through establishing a sustained S&T effort in fundamental jet noise understanding, predictive capability and measurement/validation capability and through developing, demonstrating and transitioning jet noise reduction technologies in support of the Warfighter and the Community. In fiscal year 2010, initial funding was allocated to support the basic program structure and for the two main tasks given high priority?developing a physics-based understanding of jet noise and developing standards to facilitate high quality jet noise measurements. An overview of the JNR Project will be presented as well as some preliminary results and a strategic outlook.

15. SUBJECT TERMS

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF	18. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF
			ABSTRACT	OF PAGES	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	Same as Report (SAR)	13	

Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8-98) Prescribed by ANSI Std Z39-18

DEPARTMENT OF NAVY JET NOISE REDUCTION (JNR) PROJECT

DR. JOSEPH DOYCHAK
Office of Naval Research
Air Warfare and Weapons Department
875 North Randolph Street
Arlington, VA 22203
(703) 696-7646
joseph.doychak@navy.mil

High performance military aircraft represent the single largest noise source for Sailors on board aircraft carriers resulting in health issues, compromised operations and costly litigation. Unfortunately, tactical aircraft have not been able to leverage much of the available, significant noise reduction technologies from commercial aircraft due to their low bypass ratio jet engines and resulting high temperature, high velocity exhaust streams. Tactical aircraft noise remains a problem from both community noise and personnel exposure perspectives.

In response to the problem and recent Senior Leadership direction, the Office of Naval Research initiated the Jet Noise Reduction (JNR) Project as part of the Noise-Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL) Program. The JNR Project's over-arching objective is to realize and transition significant jet noise reduction technologies through coordinated S&T efforts. This objective will be accomplished through establishing a sustained S&T effort in fundamental jet noise understanding, predictive capability and measurement/validation capability and through developing, demonstrating and transitioning jet noise reduction technologies in support of the Warfighter and the Community.

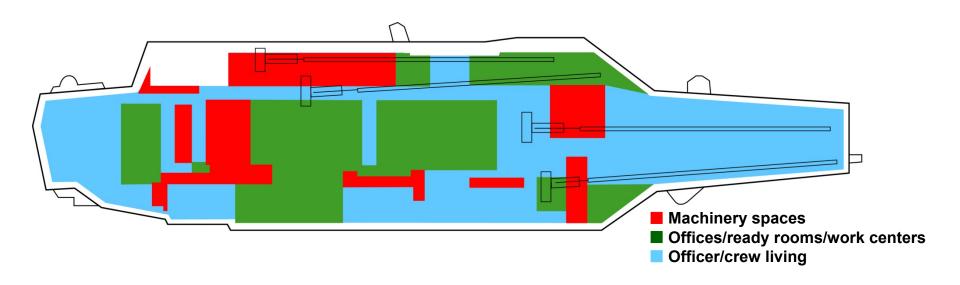
In fiscal year 2010, initial funding was allocated to support the basic program structure and for the two main tasks given high priority—developing a physics-based understanding of jet noise and developing standards to facilitate high quality jet noise measurements. An overview of the JNR Project will be presented as well as some preliminary results and a strategic outlook.

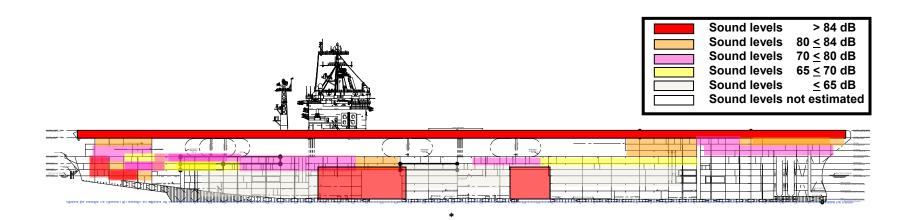




BACKGROUND









MOTIVATION



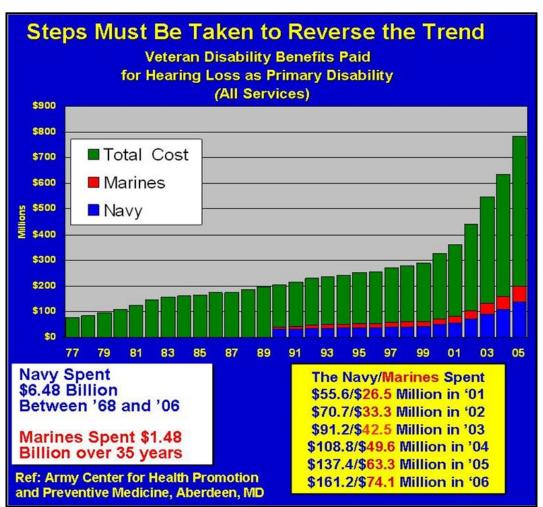
Noise Induced Hearing Loss

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) spending ≈ \$1B/year

for hearing loss cases

- Approximately 28% of claims are for current or former DON personnel
- No data exists correlating hearing loss claims to flight deck noise exposure
- Current approach consisting of personnel wearing in-canal and over the ear protective gear and limiting exposure time is inadequate

(Naval Research Advisory Committee Report on Jet Engine Noise Reduction April 2009)





NIHL/JNR GUIDANCE

Noise Induced Hearing Loss Program

2007: ASN(RD&A) request to address hearing loss prevention



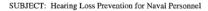
THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
Research Development and Acquisition
1000 Navy Pentagon
Washington DC 20350-1000
OCT 2 2 2007

MEMORANDUM FOR COMMANDER NAVAL SEA SYST COMMANDER NAVAL AIR SYST COMMANDER SPACE AND NAV/ SYSTEMS COMMAND

COMMANDER NAVAL FACILITII COMMAND

CHIEF OF NAVAL RESEARCH
COMMANDER MARINE CORPS SYSTEMS

2008: ASN(RD&A), ASN(I&E), CNR approval of FY09-17 NIHL roadmap



I am concerned that permanent hearing loss by Department person increase and planned Naval systems will produce noise levels that can respermanent hearing loss. I consider hearing loss prevention to be a critical readiness, safety, health, and quality of life that requires continuous focus leaders at all levels.

The attachment lists actions for specific organizations. I expect eatake an active role in efforts to address hearing protection. DASN Mana Budget, will coordinate your responses.

I look forward to recommendations that will allow us to deploy sy operational needs while protecting the health and well being our sailors, I civilian workforce.

Delore M. Ette

Delores M. Etter



MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE MAYY (RESEAU DEVILOPMENT AND ACQUISITION

Via: ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVT (INSTALLATIONS ENVIRONMENT)

Subj: BECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE PREVENTION AND TREATM NOISE-INDUCED HEARING LOSS

Ref: (a) ASN(RDA) meno of 22 Oct 07

Encl: (1) White paper entitled, "Recommendations for Frevention and Treatment of Boise-Induced H

(2) FowerPoint brief entitled, "Recommendations Prevention and Treatment of Noise-Induced I Loss"

1. The Office of Naval Research, in response to refer has developed, executed, and/or perticipated in a seri workshope sized at addressing the problem of Noise-Ind Rearing Loss (NIHL). As a result, a comprehensive limecommendations has been compiled for Navy-wide considerations (Problem 19). In addition, an OSR-specific roadmag and applied research endeavors that should be undertal address WiHL may be found in enclosure (2).

2010: VCNO Memo to Navy Surgeon General on Navy Noise Reduction



5000

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
VICE CHIEF OF NAVAL CHEMITONS
2000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON DC 20350-2000

5100 Ser N09/100103001 5 Jan 10

MEMORANDUM FOR SURGEON GENERAL OF THE NAVY

Subj: NAVY NOISE REDUCTION

 On 30 November, I hosted a Navy Noise Reduction discussion which highlighted the need for increased oversight and rigor in the Navy's overall hearing conservation and noise reduction efforts.

PPE Medical
Systems
Approach
Reduce
Noise
Evaluate

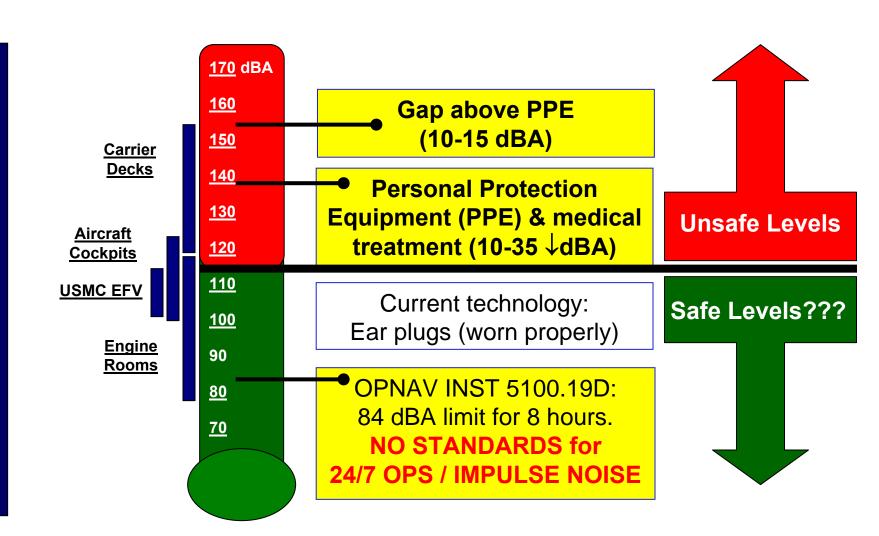
2010 VCNO MEMO: ... "In consultation with the Naval Air Systems Command, initiate a long-term research program to obtain the needed understanding of the physics of jet noise"



Noise Thermometer



Current Operational Environments





Department of Navy Jet Noise Reduction Strategy

Issues/Problems with Jet Noise:

- Health Issues Due to Near-Field
 - Hearing Loss/Tinnitus
 - Temporary Threshold Shifts
 - Non-auditory
- Community Issues Due to Far-Field During
 - Takeoff
 - Cruise
 - Approach

155 dB flight deck noise with protection only up to 140 dB

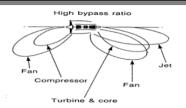
Compressor Shock Turbine & core Compressor

Military

Jet noise is a strong function of velocity

Mixing devices to reduce velocity would impact thrust, weight, signature, cost, etc

No noise restriction requirements



Commercial

Velocity reduced as bypass ratio increases

Nacelle treatments targeted towards dominant turbo machinery noise

Noise regulations drive reduction

Objective:

 Realize and Transition Significant Jet Noise Reduction Technologies through Coordinated S&T Efforts

Approach:

- Establish Sustaining S&T in Fundamental Jet Noise Understanding, Predictive Capability and Measurement/ Validation Capability
- Develop, Demonstrate and Transition Jet Noise Reduction Technologies
 - Near-term technologies (e.g. chevrons) delivering -3dB
 - Mid-term technologies achieving -5dB (e.g. optimized nozzle expansion through independent nozzle throat and exit area control)
 - Further-term technologies for -10dB reduction (e.g. variable/adaptive cycle engines, integrated propulsion/airframe designs for noise reduction)



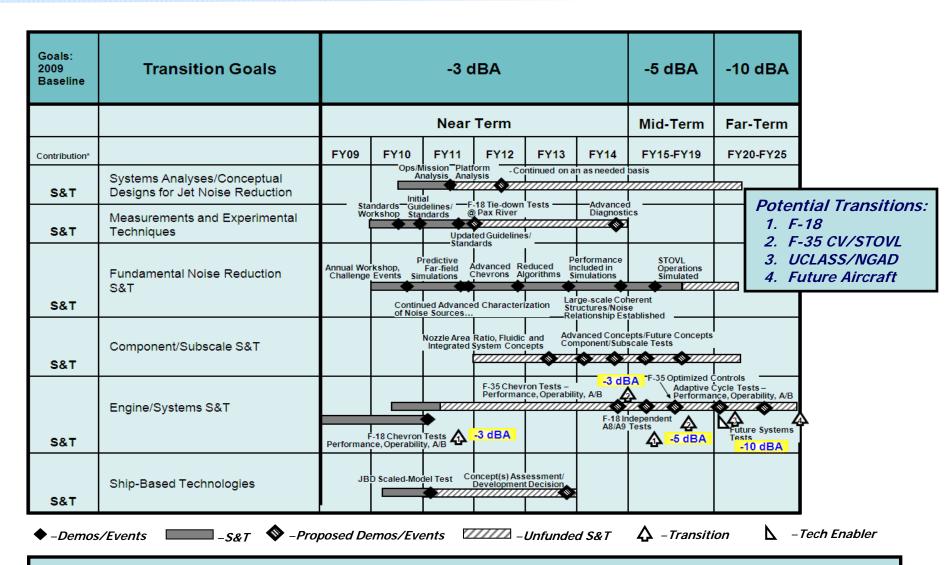
Low Bypass Ratio (Fighter) Engine Noise is Dominated by Jet Effects

DON Leads a Tri-Service Effort at Reducing Jet Noise



Department of Navy Jet Noise Reduction S&T Roadmap

(rev. 21 June 2010)



JET NOISE REDUCTION S&T MISSION STATEMENT: Through long-term research, understand the physics of jet noise, identify materiel/non-materiel solutions to reduce noise, and develop and transition the technologies in support of the Warfighter and the Community



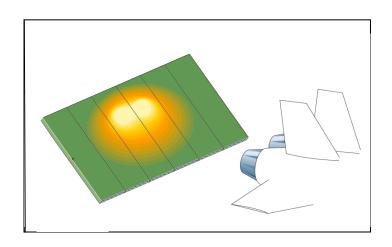
Jet Noise Reduction (JNR) Project FY10 Tasks

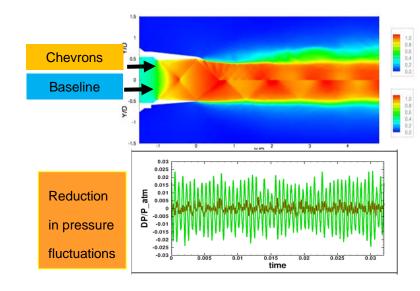


Noise Induced Hearing Loss

Primary Tasks

- Noise Measurement Standard
 - Develop a Mil/ANSI standard for measurement of noise emitted by high performance military jet aircraft
- Modeling and Simulation/Validations
 - Improve understanding of physics of jet noise
 - Develop validated, high-fidelity, modeling and simulation capability
 - Assess jet noise reduction concepts
- Jet Blast Deflector Scaled Tests
 - Scaled test w/ existing nozzle and chevrons
 - Measure effect of presence of JBD
- F-35 Noise Reduction Concepts
 - Identify promising noise reduction concepts





Other Relevant Research

- Small Business Innovative Research (SBIRs)
 - Acoustic measurement
 - Computational methods
 - Lower order models
- Defense University Research Instrumentation Program (DURIP)
 - Instrumentation improvement to measure novel concepts
- Young Investigator Program (YIP)
 - Upstream influences on jet noise



Supporting University Research

Science & Technology

Jet Noise Reduction

Noise Induced Hearing Loss

Young Investigator's Program (YIP)

- "Detailed Modeling of Core Noise Contributions to Jet Engine Noise Using Large-Eddy Simulation and Acoustic Theory"
 - Advances understanding ofdirect and indirect contributions of combustion-generated noise from low-bypass aircraft engines
 - Hybrid model to be developed (based on the Large-Eddy Simulation (LES) technique)



Prof. Matthias Ihme University of Michigan

Defense University Research Instrumentation Program (DURIP)

- "Instrumentation for Jet Noise Mitigation in Tactical Aircraft Using Plasma"
 - Developed a new class of plasma actuators Localized Arc Filament Plasma Actuators (LAFPAs)
 - Proven to be effective for noise suppression in subsonic and supersonic jets
 - Extending prior focus on jet noise reduction for commercial applications (where either shock noise is either non-existent or at best very weak) to noise mitigation in tactical aircraft



Prof. Mo Samimy
The Ohio State University



FY11 Basic Research Challenge Topic



Noise Induced Hearing Loss

Towards Active Control of Noise from Hot Supersonic Jets

Objective:

•Understand the physical mechanisms behind the growth and control of large scale turbulent structures in hot supersonic jets and their impact on noise generation

Approach

- •Reduce noise by reducing deleterious large-scale turbulent structures
 - Enhancing turbulent structures less efficient at generating noise
 - Suppressing turbulent structures and those more efficient at generating noise
 - (Opportunity to act on the instabilities at the exhaust nozzle exit lip where shear layers are most receptive and impact to the system is minimal)

Specific Research Required:

- Analytical and computational approaches
- Connections between flow and noise radiation
- Advanced noise control
- Advanced diagnostics and experiments

Next Steps:

- Announcement requesting responses to ONR's Long-Range BAA
- Proposals awards expected 3rd Qtr FY11



Summary



Department of Navy Jet Noise Reduction (JNR) Project

- As part of the Noise Induced Hearing Loss Program, the JNR Project is addressing key aspects of a comprehensive plan for reducing jet noise
- The JNR Project will advance the theoretical understanding of jet noise via advancements in validated modeling and simulation combining subscale (i.e. laboratory-scale) and full scale testing
- The JNR Project's metrics include reducing noise by 3 dBA within five years and by 10 dBA within 10 years
- Recent award of an ONR Basic Research Challenge topic substantially bolsters this effort
- Transition opportunities through ONR's Future Naval Capabilities are being pursued